

§ 61.56 Supplements.

A carrier may not file a supplement except to suspend or cancel a tariff publication.

§ 61.57 Cancellations.

The following paragraphs govern the cancellation of tariffs and supplements.

(a) *By tariff or supplement.* A carrier may cancel any tariff or supplement in whole or in part by another tariff or supplement. Cancellation of a tariff automatically cancels every supplement to that tariff, except a cancelling supplement.

(b) *By expiration.* Subject to § 61.59, a carrier may cancel a tariff or supplement in whole or in part by fixing a date on which the rates or regulations will expire.

(c) *Indication of.* (1) A carrier which cancels a tariff or supplement in whole by another tariff or supplement must comply with § 61.54(b)(1). Cancellation of tariffs or supplements in whole by expiration must be indicated as provided in § 61.54(b)(3).

(2) Where a carrier issues a tariff, supplement, or revised page partially cancelling another tariff, supplement, or revised page, it must specifically state what portion of the other tariff publication is cancelled. Such other tariff or supplement must at the same time be correspondingly amended, effective on the same date.

(3) When only a part of tariff or supplement is to expire, a carrier must show the expiration date on the same page, and associate it with the matter which is to expire. Changes in expiration date must be made pursuant to the notice requirements of § 61.58, unless otherwise authorized by the Commission. Expirations must be indicated as follows:

Expires at the end of _____
(date) unless sooner cancelled, changed or extended.

(d) *Rates and regulations to apply.* When a carrier cancels a tariff or supplement in whole or in part by another tariff or supplement, the cancelling publication must show where all rates and regulations will be found, or what rates and regulations will apply.

(e) *Omissions.* When a tariff or supplement cancelling a previous tariff or supplement omits points of origin or destination, rates or regulations, or routes, which were contained in such tariff or supplement, the new tariff or supplement must indicate the omission in the manner prescribed in paragraph (c) of this section. If such omissions effect changes in rates of regulations, that fact must be indicated by the use of the uniform symbols prescribed in § 61.54(i)(1).

(f) *Carriers ceasing operations.* When a carrier ceases operations without a successor, it must cancel its tariffs pursuant to the notice requirements of § 61.58, unless otherwise authorized by the Commission.

§ 61.58 Notice requirements.

(a) Every proposed tariff filing must bear an effective date and, except as otherwise provided by regulation, special permission, or Commission order, must be made on at least the number of days notice specified in this section.

(1) Notice is accomplished by filing the proposed tariff changes with the Commission. Any period of notice specified in this section begins on and includes the date the tariff is received by the Commission, but does not include the effective date. If a tariff filing proposes changes governed by more than one of the notice periods listed below, the longest notice period will apply. In computing the notice period required, all days including Sundays and holidays must be counted.

(2) Except for tariffs filed pursuant to section 204(a)(3) of the Communications Act, the Chief, Common Carrier Bureau, may require the deferral of the effective date of any tariff filing made on less than 120-days' notice, so as to provide for a maximum of 120-days' notice, or of such other maximum period of notice permitted by section 203(b) of the Communications Act, regardless of whether petitions under § 1.773 of this chapter have been filed.

(3) Tariff filings proposing corrections must be made on at least 3 days' notice, and may be filed notwithstanding the provisions of § 61.59. Corrections to tariff materials not yet effective cannot take effect before the effective date of the original material.